

National Adaptation Plans and Climate Financing



Erik Wallin Climate Finance Readiness Programme Cambodia







Introduction



- The National Adaptation Plan (NAP) process established in 2010 to complement the existing short-term orientated NAPAs.
 The NAP process is to support developing countries in meeting their medium and long-term adaptation needs.
- The main objectives of a NAP are:
 - To take a medium- and long-term approach to reducing vulnerability to the adverse effects of climate change
 - To facilitate the integration of climate change adaptation (CCA), in a coherent manner, into relevant new and existing policies, programmes and activities
- Country specific and a focus on the process







The NAP Process in Cambodia



- The NAP process for Cambodia has several building blocks already in place that can be enhanced to meet these two objectives:
- Cambodia Climate Change Strategic Plan (CCCSP) and the CCAPs
- The climate change financing framework (CCCFF)
- The climate change M&E Framework
- Climate mainstreaming initiatives at the sub-national levels. etc







...and some gaps



- Lack of inventories of existing climate information
- Need to refine the financing strategy for the NAP implementation
- Limited cross-sectoral collaboration on climate adaptation programming at national and sub-national levels
- Monitoring processes need greater support
- Institutional capacity constraints exist in all these areas







The NAP Roadmap in Cambodia



Three work-streams which occur in *parallel* over the time frame 2014-2019 for Short-Term (2014-2015), Medium-term (2016-2018), and Long-term (2019 and beyond):

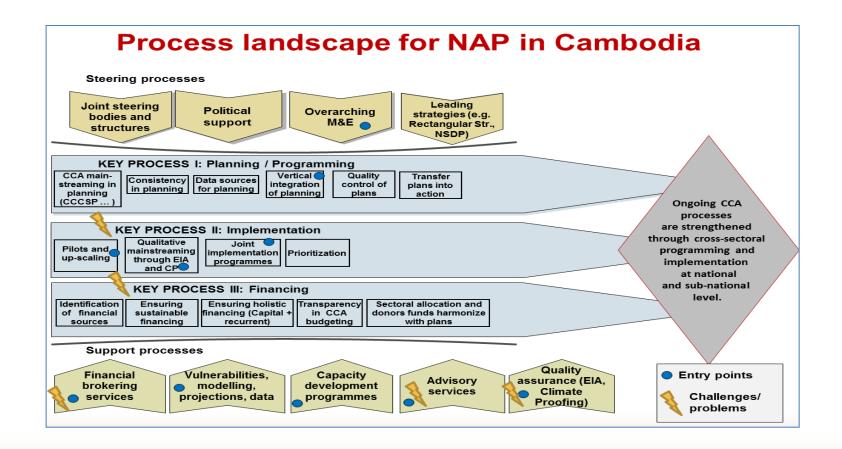
- Workstream I: Planning, establishing and steering the NAP process.
- Workstream II: Implementing the NAP process / the CCCSP and Sector CCAPs.
- Workstream III: Reviewing and learning and effective an effective M&E system.





NAP Process Landscape











Climate Finance Readiness – What and Why?







Climate Finance Readiness activities build the base for efficient, effective and transparent use of climate finance and leads to clear adaptation and mitigation results.

Climate Finance Readiness relates to <u>national and international</u> climate finance from <u>public and private</u> sources.







Financing Approach











Climate Finance Readiness Programme in Cambodia



Overview

The Climate Finance Readiness Programme (CF Ready), co-financed by the USAID Global Climate Change Office, supports the National Council for Sustainable Development (NCSD) in implementing its National Adaptation Plan (NAP) process with a specific focus on the development of a financing strategy.



Objective

Strengthened capacities of the NCSD and other institutions for implementing the NAP process through a strong financing framework.









Climate Finance Readiness Programme in Cambodia



 With a NAP financing strategy, the Royal Government of Cambodia will have data on the demand and supply of climate financing; will be in a better position to set priorities on NAP-related activities and to make decisions on how to raise additional resources for the NAP implementation.



 The National Council for Sustainable Development will be able to better coordinate the financing-related activities for the NAP, including those related with accessing the Green Climate Fund (GCF)



- A stronger alignment of national budgeting processes and fiscal policy with NAP will be ensured through the use of mechanism defined in the NAP financing framework
- Awareness of all stakeholders on the NAP process is raised





Thank you for your attention!