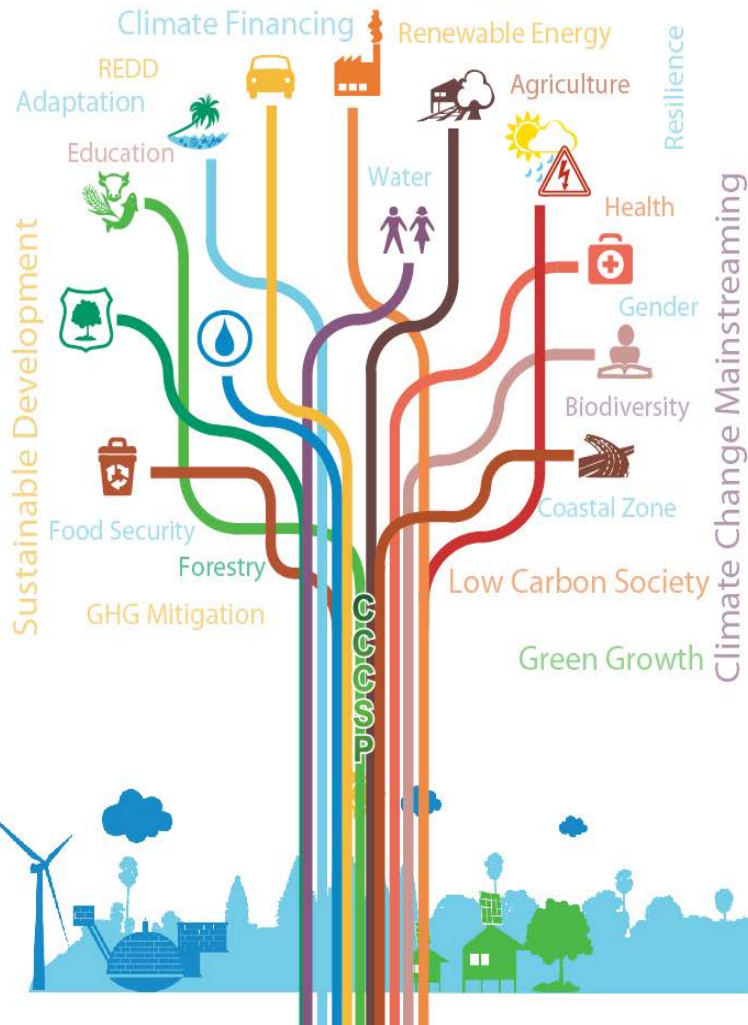


3rd National Forum on Climate Change

5 – 7 November 2013, Cambodia

“Taking Action for Sustainable Development in the Changing Climate”

Climate Change



Draft Cambodia Positions for 19th UN Climate Change Conference (COP-19)

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CCD/MoE

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Background

- United Nations Climate Change Conference Warsaw, Poland 11 to 22 November 2013
 - 19th session of the Conference of the Parties (COP 19)
 - 9th session of the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol (CMP 9)
 - 39th session of the Subsidiary Body for Implementation (SBI 39)
 - 39th session of the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice (SBSTA 39)
 - Second session of the Ad Hoc Working Group on the Durban Platform for Enhanced Action (third part) (ADP 2.3).

Draft Cambodia positions for COP 19 (1)

- Cambodia fully supports the efforts to address climate change based on the key principles of the UNFCCC, in particular the Common but Differentiated Responsibilities, and Respective Capabilities
- Cambodia negotiating positions are associated with the positions of the Least Developed Country (LDC) and the G77+China Groups.

Draft Cambodia positions for COP 19 (2)

- Cambodia calls for all parties that all actions or measures related to climate change must be in full conformity with the principles and provisions of the UNFCCC, in particular those of equity, historical responsibility, common but differentiated responsibilities and respective capabilities, and ensuring sustainable development of developing countries;
- Cambodia recognizes that the increasing temperature will have catastrophic impacts to all countries especially the LDCs because of their low adaptive capacities and capabilities;
- Cambodia calls for all parties to take into account the specific needs and special circumstances of the LDCs in their actions with regard to funding and transfer of technology based on Article 4.9 of the UNFCCC;
- Cambodia calls for all Annex I parties, to strengthen their political commitments, leadership and willingness to increase the level of GHGs mitigation ambition for the pre-2020 period in order for holding the global average temperature below 1.5° C above pre-industrial level by 2100;

Draft Cambodia positions for COP 19 (3)

- Cambodia calls upon all parties to understand the sense of urgency to work towards a 2015 agreement, which should incorporate the broad range of commitments by all parties, in particular leadership of developed countries as well as developing countries to contribute to global climate action as indicated in Article 4.7 of the UNFCCC;
- Cambodia supports the commitments on the implementation of adaptation and mitigation actions, which should be equally treated for the future climate regime;
- Cambodia urges the implementation of the Adaptation Framework established in Cancun and its provisions for LDCs process to formulate and implement the National Adaptation Plans (NAPs), as well as the Work Programmes on Loss and Damage based on each country priorities;
- Cambodia urges developed country parties, development partners, UN and international organizations, to provide adequate technical and funding support with easy access and flexible procedure for National Adaptation Plan (NAP) formulation and implementation without delay;

Draft Cambodia positions for COP 19 (4)

- Cambodia supports the establishment of adaptation mechanism for LDCs in the Green Climate Fund;
- Cambodia supports the Kyoto Protocol Second Commitment Period, however the CDM implementation procedures should be simplified to enable LDCs to fully participate in CDM projects. Furthermore, Cambodia urges parties to consider the establishment of new mechanisms and approaches under the UNFCCC to ensure meaningful emission reductions;
- Cambodia supports the implementation of Nationally Appropriate Mitigation Action in developing countries (NAMAs), however these GHGs mitigation activities must be measurable, reportable and verifiable (MRV) manner. The implementation of NAMAs should be voluntary and based on country priorities and must be supported by developed countries on capacity building, finance and technology transfer;
- Cambodia recognises the importance of an agreeable methodology and modalities for implementation of REDD+. In this context, the methodology and modalities should be developed and approved by COP;

Draft Cambodia positions for COP 19 (5)

- Cambodia supports the provision of new, additional and predictable finance from public sources by Annex I countries and it should be accessible directly and easily. The private sector through market-based mechanisms should complement or leverage the public finance. Co-financing should not be an obstacle/barrier or conditional for developing countries in receiving those funds or financings;
- Cambodia encourages developed countries to commit and increase their financial supports to countries vulnerable to climate change especially LDCs;
- Cambodia calls for a comprehensive finance roadmap to provide new, additional and predictable public finance to developing countries to fill the gaps between 2013-2020 as ;
- Cambodia encourages developed countries to provide financing supports to developing countries annually US\$100bm by 2020 as indicated in the Copenhagen Accord;

Draft Cambodia positions for COP 19 (6)

- Cambodia supports the Technology Needs Assessment, particularly the urgent need for development and transfer of technologies for adaptation in all developing country parties, in particular for LDCs. In addition, the Technology Action Plan should be prepared and implemented with support from developed countries. The technologies for transfer should be appropriated and environmentally friendly based on the host country priorities;
- Cambodia welcomes the establishment of the Technology Executive Committee (TEC) and the Climate Technology Centers and Networks (CTCN). The CTCN should be more active in providing technology support to developing countries, in particular the LDCs;
- Cambodia supports specific and urgent measures to remove barriers arising from intellectual property rights in developing countries and LDCs on environmentally friendly technologies;

Draft Cambodia positions for COP 19 (7)

- Cambodia supports enhanced actions on capacity building to improve enhancement of the capacities and capabilities of developing countries. The capacity building should be a continuous process, country-driven, fully participatory and an integral process;
- Cambodia supports actions for empowering and strengthening climate change concerning institutions, including their focal points and national coordinating bodies;
- Cambodia supports the need for capacity building which can be measured through the use of agreed and effective performance indicators and all parties should report on progress made in enhancing capacity to address climate change in their national communications.

Thank You !

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